

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Please amend the claims as follows:

Claim 1 (Currently Amended): A method to estimate ~~the~~ an impulse response h of a propagation channel in a system comprising at least one sensor ~~or more sensors~~, the method comprising:

~~at least one step for~~ estimating the statistics of ~~the~~ an additive noise resulting from the an interference and from ~~the~~ a thermal noise on ~~the~~ a basis of ~~the~~ statistics of ~~the~~ a received signal; and

estimating a covariance matrix of a noise from an empirical covariance matrix of observations \hat{R}_x and a number of pilot chips of a learning sequence transmitted with the received signal.

Claim 2 (Currently Amended): A method according to claim 1, ~~comprising a step for~~ estimating the covariance matrix of the noise from the empirical covariance matrix of the observations R_x and the number of pilot chips of a learning sequence transmitted with the signal; wherein the covariance matrix of the noise matrix being is expressed in ~~the~~ a form:

$$\frac{1}{N_0 P} \hat{R}_x$$

in which $N_0 P$ is the number of pilot chips.

Claim 3 (Currently Amended): A method according to one of the claims 1 and 2, further comprising:

~~a step for the estimation~~ estimating of the a covariance matrix Γ of the propagation channel, ~~estimated in the form:~~

$$\Gamma = \frac{1}{M} \sum_{m=1}^M \hat{H}_m \hat{H}_m^H \frac{1}{N_0 P} \hat{R}_x.$$

Claim 4 (Currently Amended): A method according to claim 3, ~~one of the claims 1 to 3~~ wherein the estimation of the impulse response of the propagation channel uses a Wiener method, ~~and wherein the impulse response of the channel is equal to:~~

$$\tilde{H}_m = \left[\frac{1}{M} \sum_{m=1}^M \hat{H}_m \hat{H}_m^H \frac{1}{N_0 P} \hat{R}_x \right] \Delta^{-1} \hat{H}_m$$

Claim 5 (Currently Amended): A method according to claim 1 ~~one of the claims 1 to 4~~, further comprising:

parametrizing a step where the propagation channel space is parametrized by means of an orthonormal base constituted by a given number of vectors u_1, u_2, \dots, u_p .

Claim 6 (Currently Amended): A method according to claim 5, wherein the vectors u_1, u_2, \dots, u_p correspond to ~~the eigen-vectors~~ eigenvectors associated with ~~the greatest~~ highest eigenvalues of the ~~estimated~~ covariance matrix Γ .

Claim 7 (Currently Amended): A method according to claim 5, wherein the vectors u_1, u_2, \dots, u_p are canonical vectors associated with ~~the positions of the greatest~~ highest values of ~~the~~ a diagonal of the covariance matrix Γ .

Claim 8 (Currently Amended): A method according to claim 5, wherein the vectors u_1, u_2, \dots, u_p are formed out of sampled versions of ~~the~~ a shaping filter, shifted by ~~the~~ propagation delays of the propagation channel, ~~estimated beforehand and standardized.~~

Claim 9 (Currently Amended): A method according to claim 1, wherein one of the
~~claims 1 to 8 to estimate~~ the impulse response of a the propagation channel ~~in the UMTS~~
~~field for uplinks and/or downlinks~~ is estimated between a base station and at least one or
~~more~~ mobile unit in an UMTS (Universal Mobile Telecommunications System) field for
uplinks and/or downlinks units.

Claim 10 (Currently Amended): A transmission and/or reception device ~~adapted to~~
~~estimating the~~ configured to estimate an impulse response of a propagation channel, the
device comprising:

at least one sensor ~~one or more sensors~~ for the reception of a signal, ~~a;~~
means ~~to sample~~ for sampling the received signal, ~~a;~~
means ~~adapted to~~ for estimating the a noise from the statistics of the propagation
channel; and
means for estimating a matrix of the noise from an empirical covariance matrix of
observations \hat{R}_x and from a number of pilot chips of a learning signal transmitted with the
signal.

Claim 11 (Currently Amended): A receiver according to claim 10, wherein
~~comprising a means adapted to estimating the noise from the empirical covariance matrix of~~
~~the observations \hat{R}_x and from the number of pilot chips of a learning signal transmitted with~~
~~the signal;~~ the matrix of the noise ~~being~~ is expressed in the a form:

$$\frac{1}{N_0 P} \hat{R}_x$$

in which $N_0 P$ is the number of pilot chips.

Claim 12 (Currently Amended): A receiver according to claim 10, device further comprising:

a means ~~adapted to~~ for determining the impulse response of the channel in the a form:

$$\tilde{H}_m = \left[\frac{1}{M} \sum_{m=1}^M \hat{H}_m \hat{H}_m^H - \frac{1}{N_0 P} \hat{R}_x \right] \Delta^{-1} \hat{H}_m$$

in which \hat{H}_m is an estimated value for the propagation channel, Δ is a covariance matrix of the estimated channel, $N_0 P$ is a number of pilot chips, \hat{H}_m^H is a conjugate transpose of the estimated value for the propagation channel, M is a number of slots, and \tilde{H}_m is a new estimated value for the propagation channel \hat{H}_m .

Claim 13 (Currently Amended): A receiver according to one of the claims 11 and 12 applied in the a field of UMTS (Universal Mobile Telecommunications System).

Claim 14 (New): A method according to claim 3, wherein the covariance matrix is estimated in a form:

$$\Gamma = \frac{1}{M} \sum_{m=1}^M \hat{H}_m \hat{H}_m^H - \frac{1}{N_0 P} \hat{R}_x$$

in which \hat{H}_m is an estimated value for the propagation channel, $N_0 P$ is the number of pilot chips, \hat{H}_m^H is a conjugate transpose of the estimated value for the propagation channel, and M is a number of slots.

Claim 15 (New): A method according to claim 3, wherein the impulse response of the channel is equal to:

$$\tilde{H}_m = \left[\frac{1}{M} \sum_{m=1}^M \hat{H}_m \hat{H}_m^H - \frac{1}{N_0 P} \hat{R}_x \right] \Delta^{-1} \hat{H}_m$$

in which \hat{H}_m is an estimated value for the propagation channel, Δ is a covariance matrix of the estimated channel, $N_0 P$ is the number of pilot chips, \hat{H}_m^H is a conjugate transpose of the estimated value for the propagation channel, M is a number of slots, and \tilde{H}_m is a new estimated value for the propagation channel \hat{H}_m .

Claim 16 (New): A method according to claim 8, wherein the propagation delays of the propagation channel are previously estimated and standardized.

Claim 17 (New): A method according to claim 4, further comprising:
parametrizing a propagation channel space by an orthonormal base constituted by a given number of vectors u_1, u_2, \dots, u_p .

Claim 18 (New): A method according to claim 4, wherein the impulse response of the propagation channel is estimated between a base station and at least one mobile unit in an UMTS (Universal Mobile Telecommunications System) field for uplinks and/or downlinks.

Claim 19 (New): A transmission and/or reception device configured to estimate an impulse response of a propagation channel, the device comprising:

- a sensor for reception of a signal;
- a sampler configured to sample the signal;
- a first estimator configured to estimate a noise from a statistics of the propagation channel; and

a second estimator configured to estimate a matrix of the noise from an empirical covariance matrix of observations and from a number of pilot chips of a learning signal transmitted with the signal.

Claim 20 (New): A transmission and/or reception device according to claim 10, the matrix of the noise is expressed in a form:

$$\frac{1}{N_0 P} \hat{R}_x$$

in which $N_0 P$ is the number of pilot chips.

Claim 21 (New): A transmission and/or reception device according to claim 19, the matrix of the noise is expressed in a form:

$$\frac{1}{N_0 P} \hat{R}_x$$

in which $N_0 P$ is the number of pilot chips.

Claim 22 (New): A transmission and/or reception device according to claim 19, wherein the covariance matrix is estimated in a form:

$$\Gamma = \frac{1}{M} \sum_{m=1}^M \hat{H}_m \hat{H}_m^H - \frac{1}{N_0 P} \hat{R}_x$$

in which \hat{H}_m is an estimated value for the propagation channel, $N_0 P$ is the number of pilot chips, \hat{H}_m^H is a conjugate transpose of the estimated value for the propagation channel, and M is a number of slots.

Claim 23 (New): A transmission and/or reception device according to claim 19, wherein the impulse response of the channel is equal to:

$$\tilde{H}_m = \left[\frac{1}{M} \sum_{m=1}^M \hat{H}_m \hat{H}_m^H - \frac{1}{N_0 P} \hat{R}_x \right] \Delta^{-1} \hat{H}_m$$

in which \hat{H}_m is an estimated value for the propagation channel, Δ is a covariance matrix of the estimated channel, $N_0 P$ is the number of pilot chips, \hat{H}_m^H is a conjugate transpose of the estimated value for the propagation channel, M is a number of slots, and \tilde{H}_m is a new estimated value for the propagation channel \hat{H}_m .

Claim 24 (New): A transmission and/or reception device according to claim 19, further comprising:

parametrizing a propagation channel space by an orthonormal base constituted by a given number of vectors u_1, u_2, \dots, u_p .

Claim 25 (New): A transmission and/or reception device according to claim 24, wherein the propagation delays of the propagation channel are previously estimated and standardized.

Claim 26 (New): A transmission and/or reception device according to claim 24, wherein the impulse response of the propagation channel is estimated between a base station and at least one mobile unit in an UMTS (Universal Mobile Telecommunications System) field for uplinks and/or downlinks.